



Western Wild Ginger

Asarum caudatum

Height: 6 inches

Spread: 18 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 7a

Description:

A shade loving variety ideal for groundcover and garden beds with textured, forest green heart shaped leaves; copper-burgundy to yellow-green flowers appear under the foliage in spring; does not tolerate hot, humid southern climates

Ornamental Features

Western Wild Ginger's attractive glossy heart-shaped leaves remain forest green in color throughout the season on a plant with a spreading habit of growth. It features subtle coppery-bronze cup-shaped flowers with burgundy overtones dangling from the stems from mid to late spring.

Landscape Attributes

Western Wild Ginger is an herbaceous perennial with a ground-hugging habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Western Wild Ginger is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens
- Container Planting



Western Wild Ginger
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Planting & Growing

Western Wild Ginger will grow to be only 6 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 18 inches. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider covering it with a thick layer of mulch in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is native to parts of North America. It can be propagated by division.

Western Wild Ginger is a fine choice for the garden, but it is also a good selection for planting in outdoor pots and containers. Because of its spreading habit of growth, it is ideally suited for use as a 'spiller' in the 'spiller-thriller-filler' container combination; plant it near the edges where it can spill gracefully over the pot. Note that when growing plants in outdoor containers and baskets, they may require more frequent waterings than they would in the yard or garden.